

**NEW MINERALS RECENTLY APPROVED BY THE  
COMMISSION ON NEW MINERALS AND MINERAL NAMES  
INTERNATIONAL MINERALOGICAL ASSOCIATION**

The information given here is provided by the Commission on New Minerals and Mineral Names, I. M. A. for comparative purposes and as a service to mineralogists working on new species.

Each mineral is described in the following format:

IMA No. (any relationship to other minerals)

Chemical Formula

Crystal system, space group

unit cell parameters

Colour; lustre; diaphaneity.

Optical properties.

Strongest lines in the X-ray powder diffraction pattern.

The names of these approved species are considered confidential information until the authors have published their descriptions or released information themselves.

**NO OTHER INFORMATION WILL BE RELEASED BY THE COMMISSION.**

J. A. Mandarino, Chairman

Commission on New Minerals and Mineral Names  
International Mineralogical Association

**1993 PROPOSALS**

IMA No. 93-001 The calcium-analogue of burbankite and khanneshite.

$\text{Na}_3(\text{Ca},\text{REE},\text{Sr})_3(\text{CO}_3)_5$

Hexagonal:  $\text{P}6_3\text{mc}$ ,  $\text{P}6_2\text{c}$  or  $\text{P}6_3\text{mmc}$   
a 10.447 c 6.318 Å

Deep orange; vitreous; translucent.

Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.636,  $\epsilon$  1.631.

5.20 (4), 3.68 (3), 3.01 (5), 2.601 (10), 2.130 (6), 1.649 (3).

IMA No. 93-002 The nickel-analogue of chalcophanite.

$\text{NiMn}_3\text{O}_7 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Hexagonal (trigonal):  $\text{R}\bar{3}$  or  $\text{R}3$   
a 7.514 c 20.52 Å

Very dark brown to almost black; submetallic to vitreous; opaque, but translucent in thin plates. Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  > 2.00,  $\epsilon$  1.97.

6.84 (10), 4.01 (2), 2.219 (3), 1.884 (2), 1.575 (2).

IMA No. 93-003 The arsenate-analogue of berlinitite.

$\text{AlAsO}_4$

Hexagonal (trigonal):  $\text{P}3_1\text{2}1$  or  $\text{P}3_2\text{2}1$   
a 5.031 c 11.226 Å

Colourless, white, cream; vitreous; transparent.

Uniaxial (+),  $\omega$  1.596,  $\epsilon$  1.608.  
4.36 (20), 4.06 (31), 3.442 (100), 2.359 (15), 1.873 (16), 1.4202 (11).

IMA No. 93-004 The aluminum-analogue of klyuchevskite.

$\text{K}_3\text{Cu}_3\text{AlO}_2(\text{SO}_4)_4$

Monoclinic:  $\text{I}2$

a 18.423 b 5.139 c 18.690 Å  $\beta$  101.72°

Dark green; vitreous; transparent.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.542,  $\beta$  1.548,  $\gamma$  1.641, 2V(meas.)  
unknown, 2V(calc.) 30°.

9.15 (84), 9.04 (100), 7.20 (52), 3.781 (37), 3.757 (33),  
2.786 (21).

IMA No. 93-005

$\text{NaBa}_3(\text{Mn}^{2+},\text{Mn}^{3+})_4[\text{Si}_4\text{O}_{10}(\text{OH})_2][\text{Si}_2\text{O}_7]\text{O}_2\text{F} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

Orthorhombic:  $\text{Pnma}$

a 23.42 b 12.266 c 7.181 Å

Black with a green shade; vitreous to greasy;  
translucent.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.767,  $\beta$  1.793,  $\gamma$  1.871, 2V(meas.) 60-  
65°, 2V(calc.) 62°.

4.580 (5), 3.303 (9), 2.999 (10), 2.715 (5), 2.655 (10),  
2.156 (4), 1.648 (5).

IMA No. 93-006 A tetragonal polymorph of rooseveltite.

$\text{BiAsO}_4$

Tetragonal:  $\text{I}4_1/\text{a}$

a 5.085 c 11.69 Å

White to yellowish white; earthy; opaque.

Uniaxial (+), mean  $n$  > 2.04.660 (11), 3.066 (100),  
2.546 (12), 1.797 (11), 1.581 (10), 1.551 (17).

## IMA No. 93-008



Orthorhombic: Pnma

a 9.0615 b 5.6727 c 7.2672 Å

Colourless to white and yellowish; vitreous; transparent to translucent.

Biaxial, mean n calculated from Gladstone-Dale is 1.308.

4.472 (75), 3.540 (90), 3.183 (100), 2.8982 (80), 2.5362 (65), 2.2822 (65), 2.1631 (70).

## IMA No. 93-009 A tetragonal polymorph of bismite.

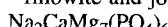
Tetragonal: P4<sub>2</sub>/n or P4<sub>2</sub>2<sub>1</sub>2  
a 8.08 c 6.46 Å

Green, yellowish; adamantine; translucent.

Uniaxial (+),  $\omega$  2.13,  $\epsilon$  2.18.

5.73 (7), 3.44 (5), 3.16 (10), 3.01 (4), 2.56 (4dif.), 2.02 (5), 1.902 (6).

## IMA No. 93-010 The magnesium analogue of fillowite and johnsomervilleite.

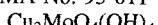
Hexagonal (trigonal): R3  
a 14.967 c 42.595 Å

Colourless; vitreous; transparent.

Uniaxial, indices of refraction calculated from reflectance values:  $n_1$  1.60,  $n_2$  1.62.

3.694 (S), 3.558 (M), 2.960 (S), 2.753 (S), 2.500 (M), 2.126 (M), 1.851 (M).

## IMA No. 93-011



Orthorhombic: Pnnm

a 8.499 b 12.527 c 6.067 Å

Dark green; adamantine; transparent.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  slightly < 1.89,  $\beta$  unknown,  $\gamma$  slightly < 1.91, 2V(meas.) 74°.

5.471 (S), 3.754 (S), 3.043 (S), 2.591 (VS), 1.519 (S).

## IMA No. 93-013

Monoclinic: P2<sub>1</sub>/ca 8.215 b 11.989 c 6.076 Å  $\beta$  96.22°

Colourless; vitreous; transparent.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.4240,  $\beta$  1.4320,  $\gamma$  1.4415, 2V(meas.) 85.5°, 2V(calc.) 85.6°.

6.758 (7), 4.250 (9), 3.643 (8), 3.148 (7), 3.063 (8), 3.030 (7), 2.840 (7), 2.125 (8).

## IMA No. 93-016



Cubic: Pa3

a 6.502 Å

Steel black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: bright white with a yellowish tint, moderate anisotropism, no bireflectance, nonpleochroic. R: (51.0%)470 nm, (52.6%)546 nm, (52.9%)589 nm, (49.2%)650 nm.

2.89 (70), 1.955 (100), 1.735 (80), 1.250 (80), 1.207 (70), 1.148 (70), 1.054 (70).

## IMA No. 93-017



Cubic: Pa3

a 6.413 Å

Steel black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: bright white with bluish tint, no anisotropism, no bireflectance, nonpleochroic.

R: (44.3%)470 nm, (46.0%)546 nm, (46.9%)589 nm, (45.5%)650 nm.

2.86 (70), 1.93 (100), 1.235 (80), 1.132 (90), 1.040 (80), 0.9780 (80).

## IMA No. 93-018

Hexagonal: P3}m1

a 3.933 c 5.390 Å

Steel black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: bright yellowish white with bluish tint, moderate anisotropism with bluish or yellowish tint, no bireflectance, nonpleochroic. R<sub>O</sub> & R<sub>E</sub>: (41.4, 49.0%)470 nm, (40.2, 48.2%)546 nm, (41.1, 49.0%)589 nm, (45.2, 51.2%)650 nm.

2.85 (100), 2.10 (80), 1.95 (60), 1.580 (70), 1.160 (60), 1.110 (70).

## IMA No. 93-019



Orthorhombic: space group unknown

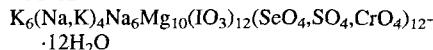
a 5.689 b 10.791 c 5.308 Å

Yellow green to light green; adamantine; transparent.

Biaxial n's &gt; 2. In reflected light, R: (14.8%)470 nm, (13.0%)546 nm, (13.2%)589 nm, (13.6%)650 nm.

3.146 (100), 2.841 (80), 2.694 (20), 1.956 (10), 1.695 (20), 1.631 (10).

## IMA No. 93-020 The selenate-dominant analogue of 93-021

Hexagonal: P3}c1

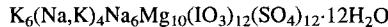
a 9.590 c 27.60 Å

Pale yellow; vitreous; transparent.

Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.655,  $\epsilon$  1.642.

13.75 (30), 7.10 (20), 3.974 (16), 3.561 (100), 3.082 (32), 3.058 (39), 2.715 (39).

## IMA No. 93-021 The sulphate-dominant analogue of 93-020

Hexagonal: P3}c1

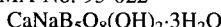
a 9.4643 c 27.336 Å

Pale yellow; vitreous; transparent.

Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.622,  $\epsilon$  1.615.

13.67 (50), 7.05 (40), 3.927 (100), 3.515 (24), 3.023 (41), 2.681 (33), 2.3273 (21).

## IMA No. 93-022

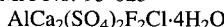
Monoclinic:  $P2_1/c$ a 6.506 b 13.280 c 11.462 Å  $\beta$  92.97°

White; silky to pearly; translucent.

Biaxial (-),  $\alpha$  1.540,  $\beta$  1.554,  $\gamma$  1.558, 2V(meas.) 60°, 2V(calc.) 56°.

8.64 (100), 6.62 (30), 4.18 (17), 2.868 (26), 2.845 (16), 2.795 (17), 2.587 (15).

## IMA No. 93-023

Tetragonal:  $I4/m$ 

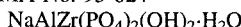
a 6.859 c 13.310 Å

White; vitreous; transparent.

Uniaxial (+),  $\omega$  1.509,  $\epsilon$  1.526.

6.67 (60), 3.922 (50), 3.729 (40), 3.431 (100), 3.335 (80), 3.052 (40), 2.483 (40).

## IMA No. 93-024



Monoclinic: space group unknown

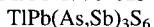
a 20.840 b 9.871 c 11.195 Å  $\beta$  104.41°

Pale pinkish orange; vitreous; translucent.

Biaxial, n's vary from 1.62 (parallel to fibres) to 1.64 (normal to fibres)

8.865 (40), 4.128 (80), 3.711 (65), 3.465 (60), 3.243 (35), 2.603 (100).

## IMA No. 93-025

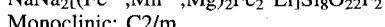
Monoclinic:  $P2_1/a$ a 8.444 b 23.97 c 5.844 Å  $\beta$  113.58°

Brilliant black, but dark red in thin fragments; metallic to submetallic; opaque, but translucent in thin fragments.

In reflected light: greyish white, clearly visible anisotropism from bluish to very weak reddish, visible bireflectance, nonpleochroic.  $R_{\min}$ . &  $R_{\max}$ : (29.7, 35.4%)470 nm, (28.8, 33.1%)546 nm, (26.7, 30.3%)589 nm, (26.6, 29.9%)650 nm.

5.346 (32), 3.998 (74), 3.816 (54), 3.587 (86), 2.823 (100), 2.778 (84), 2.670 (58).

## IMA No. 93-026 A member of the amphibole group

Monoclinic:  $C2/m$ a 9.792 b 17.938 c 5.3133 Å  $\beta$  103.87°

Bluish black to black; vitreous; opaque.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.675,  $\beta$  1.683,  $\gamma$  1.694, 2V(meas.) 87°, 2V(calc.) 81°.

8.426 (45), 4.481 (54), 3.404 (57), 2.985 (38), 2.710 (100), 2.585 (38), 2.536 (92).

## IMA No. 93-028

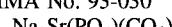
Hexagonal:  $P6_3/\text{mmc}$ 

a 4.316 c 5.510 Å

White, greyish-black to black (when oxidized); metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: white with light yellow tint, clear anisotropism light yellow with a brown tint, faint bireflectance, nonpleochroic.  $R_o$  &  $R_E$ : (65.4, 65.2%)470 nm, (76.7, 74.8%)546 nm, (80.5, 77.9%)589 nm, (82.8, 79.5%)650 nm.  
3.726 (34), 3.087 (38), 2.218 (100), 2.159 (57), 1.546 (31), 1.258 (25), 1.256 (26).

## IMA No. 93-030

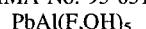
Monoclinic:  $P2_1$ a 9.187 b 6.707 c 5.279 Å  $\beta$  89.98°

Colourless to white; vitreous; transparent.

Biaxial (-),  $\alpha$  1.520,  $\beta$  1.564,  $\gamma$  1.565, 2V(meas.) 20°, 2V(calc.) 17°.

3.35 (50), 2.708 (100), 2.648 (90), 2.172 (100), 2.080 (50), 1.891 (80), 1.676 (50), 1.415 (70).

## IMA No. 93-031

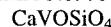
Triclinic:  $P1$  or  $P\bar{3}$ a 6.259 b 6.791 c 5.053 Å  $\alpha$  90.92°  $\beta$  107.45°  $\gamma$  104.45°

White to colourless; vitreous; transparent.

Biaxial (-),  $\alpha$  1.629,  $\beta$  1.682,  $\gamma$  1.691, 2V(meas.) 41°, 2V(calc.) 44°.

4.42 (100), 4.05 (35), 3.221 (40), 2.595 (70), 2.190 (65), 2.030 (50), 2.015 (40).

## IMA No. 93-032

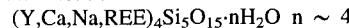
Monoclinic:  $C2/c$ a 6.526 b 8.691 c 7.032 Å  $\beta$  113.88°

Deep red; adamantine; transparent.

Biaxial (sign unknown),  $\alpha$  ~ 1.95,  $\beta$  unknown,  $\gamma$  2.105, 2V(meas.) unknown.

4.90 (W), 3.22 (VS), 2.97 (M), 2.59 (S), 2.271 (W), 1.641 (W).

## IMA No. 93-034

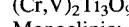
 $n \sim 4$ Triclinic:  $P1$  or  $P\bar{1}$ a 9.245 b 9.684 c 5.510 Å  $\alpha$  97.44°  $\beta$  100.40°  $\gamma$  116.70°

White; vitreous; translucent.

Biaxial (-),  $\alpha$  1.602,  $\beta$  1.607,  $\gamma$  1.611, 2V(meas.) 73°, 2V(calc.) 83°.

8.44 (80), 8.01 (50), 4.51 (50), 3.76 (70), 2.973 (100), 2.930 (60).

## IMA No. 93-035 The chromium-dominant analogue of schreyerite

Monoclinic:  $C2/c$ ,  $Cc$ ,  $P2_1/c$ ,  $P2/c$  or  $Pc$ a 7.03 b 5.02 c 18.83 Å  $\beta$  119.60°

Black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: white, faint anisotropism, faint bireflectance, faint pleochroism pale brown.  $R_{\min}$ . &  $R_{\max}$ : (18.1, 20.1%)470 nm, (18.5, 19.9%)546

- nm, (18.4, 19.8 %)589 nm, (18.6, 20.9 %)650 nm.  
2.88 (2), 2.75 (3), 2.43 (2), 1.635 (3), 1.386 (2).
- IMA No. 93-036  
 $\text{BaCuSi}_4\text{O}_{10}$   
 Tetragonal: P4/ncc  
 a 7.441 c 16.133 Å  
 Blue; vitreous; transparent.  
 Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.633,  $\epsilon$  1.593.  
 8.055 (100), 4.031 (35), 3.544 (15), 3.200 (21), 2.688  
 (18), 2.395 (19), 2.016 (26).
- IMA No. 93-037 The K-dominant analogue of gainesite  
 $\text{NaKZr}_2(\text{Be},\text{Al},\text{Ca},\text{Mn})(\text{PO}_4)_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 Tetragonal: I4<sub>1</sub>/amd  
 a 6.570 c 17.142 Å  
 Intense bluish purple or pale lilac; vitreous; transparent.  
 Uniaxial (+),  $\omega$  1.624,  $\epsilon$  1.636.  
 6.161 (100), 4.291 (25), 3.286 (50), 3.039 (30), 2.895  
 (20).
- IMA No. 93-038  
 $\text{Na}(\text{REE},\text{Ca})_2\text{F}_6$   
 Hexagonal: P3  
 a 6.099 c 11.066 Å  
 Pale pink to colourless; vitreous; transparent.  
 Uniaxial (+),  $\omega$  1.483,  $\epsilon$  1.503.  
 5.29 (70), 3.036 (100), 2.146 (70), 1.757 (80), 1.152  
 (40), 0.9189 (40).
- IMA No. 93-040 The  $\text{PO}_4$ -analogue of atelstite and a monoclinic polymorph of petitjeanite  
 $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}(\text{OH})(\text{PO}_4)$   
 Monoclinic: P2<sub>1</sub>/c  
 a 6.954 b 7.494 c 10.869 Å  $\beta$  107.00°  
 White to yellow; adamantine; translucent.  
 Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  2.05,  $\beta$  2.06,  $\gamma$  2.09, 2V(meas.) 45°,  
 2V(calc.) 61°.  
 4.268 (17), 3.271 (51), 3.254 (100), 3.145 (34), 2.727  
 (29), 1.885 (16).
- IMA No. 93-041  
 $\text{Hg}_3^{1+}(\text{CO}_3)(\text{OH}) \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 Orthorhombic: Pcab  
 a 11.130 b 11.139 c 10.725 Å  
 Black to very dark red-brown; sub-metallic to adamantine; opaque.  
 In reflected light: grey with slight bluish tinge, weak anisotropism (dull and dark greys and browns), weak to moderate bireflectance, nonpleochroic.  
 $R_{\min.}$  &  $R_{\max.}$ : (11.4, 12.15 %)470 nm, (10.95, 11.6 %)546 nm, (10.85, 11.5 %)589 nm, (10.7, 11.2 %)650 nm.  
 4.84 (50), 2.969 (70), 2.786 (70), 2.648 (100), 2.419  
 (60), 1.580 (50).
- IMA No. 93-042 A regular interstratification of amesite and clinochlore
- $(\text{Mg},\text{Al},\text{Fe}^{2+})_9(\text{Si},\text{Al})_6\text{O}_{15}(\text{OH})_{12}$   
 Monoclinic: Cm  
 a 5.323 b 9.214 c 21.45 Å  $\beta$  94.43°  
 Colourless to very pale green; nacreous; translucent.  
 Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.575,  $\beta$  1.575,  $\gamma$  1.581, 2V(meas.) 0°,  
 2V(calc.) 0°.  
 7.1 (100), 4.61 (60), 3.560 (80), 2.557 (40), 2.427 (60),  
 1.536 (70).
- IMA No. 93-044  
 $\text{NaSbO}_3$  Isostructural with ilmenite and geikielite  
 Hexagonal: R3  
 a 5.301 c 15.932 Å  
 Colourless; pearly; transparent.  
 Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.184,  $\epsilon$  1.631.  
 5.30 (53), 3.00 (55), 2.650 (67), 2.365 (69), 1.874  
 (100), 1.471 (69).
- IMA No. 93-045 The Fe-analogue of leonite  
 $\text{K}_2\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 Monoclinic: C2/m  
 a 11.843 b 9.552 c 9.945 Å  $\beta$  94.89°  
 Colourless to light yellow; vitreous; transparent.  
 Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.497,  $\beta$  1.501,  $\gamma$  1.509, 2V(meas.) 73°,  
 2V(calc.) 71°.  
 4.776 (30), 3.504 (52), 3.439 (100), 3.330 (48), 3.051  
 (29), 2.405 (30), 2.389 (49).
- IMA No. 93-046  
 $(\text{Rh},\text{Ir},\text{Pt})_3\text{S}_4$   
 Monoclinic: F2/m  
 a 13.44 b 10.749 c 10.448 Å  $\beta$  118.32°  
 Megascopic colour not observed; metallic; opaque.  
 In reflected light: pale slightly brownish grey, weak anisotropism in greys and browns, weak bireflectance, pleochroism weak.  $R_1$  &  $R_2$ : (47.2, 48.9 %)470 nm, (48.4, 50.3 %)546 nm, (49.1, 50.7 %)589 nm, (49.8, 51.0 %)650 nm.  
 3.156 (100), 3.081 (100), 2.957 (90), 2.234 (60), 1.871  
 (80), 1.791 (90), 1.532 (70).
- IMA No. 93-047  
 $\text{Cu}_2\text{Te}^{6+}\text{O}_4(\text{OH})_2$   
 Monoclinic: P2<sub>1</sub>/n  
 a 9.095 b 5.206 c 4.604 Å  $\beta$  98.69°  
 Medium leaf green; adamantine; transparent.  
 In reflected light: pale grey, weak anisotropism with brown rotation tints, weak bireflectance, nonpleochroic. The mean index of refraction calculated from the reflectances at 589 nm is 2.00.  
 4.506 (40), 4.337 (60), 3.838 (50), 2.891 (70), 2.598  
 (100), 1.834 (40), 1.713 (40), 1.500 (40).
- IMA No. 93-048  
 $\text{Bi}_2(\text{Fe}^{3+},\text{Cu})_2\text{O}(\text{OH})_3(\text{AsO}_4)_2$   
 Triclinic: P1 or P̄1  
 a 4.569 b 6.162 c 8.993 Å  $\alpha$  94.56°  
 $\beta$  99.68°  $\gamma$  94.31°

Brown-yellow; adamantine; transparent to translucent.  
Biaxial (-),  $\alpha$  2.04,  $\beta$  2.10 (calc.),  $\gamma$  2.11, 2V(meas.)  
45°.  
8.822 (62), 3.749 (100), 3.596 (77), 3.468 (58), 2.903  
(69), 2.810 (51), 2.685 (48).

## IMA No. 93-049

$\text{Ca}_3\text{B}_2\text{O}_6$   
Hexagonal:  $\text{R}\bar{3}\text{c}$  or  $\text{R}3\text{c}$   
a 8.638 c 11.850 Å

Greyish white; vitreous; transparent.  
Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.726,  $\epsilon$  1.630.

2.915 (100), 2.756 (61), 2.493 (44), 2.160 (19), 2.044  
(21), 1.976 (18), 1.895 (75).

## IMA No. 93-050

$\text{Tl}_5\text{Sb}_9(\text{As},\text{Sb})_4\text{S}_{22}$   
Triclinic:  $\text{P}\bar{1}$

a 7.393 b 8.707 c 17.58 Å  $\alpha$  103.81°  $\beta$   
91.79°  $\gamma$  109.50°

Black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: white, distinct to strong anisotropism  
with blue or blue-green colours, weak to medium  
bireflectance, pleochroism white to white with  
grey-blue tints.  $R_{\min.}$  &  $R_{\max.}$ : (34.0, 36.7 %)470  
nm, (32.0, 34.9 %)546 nm, (30.5, 33.0 %)589 nm,  
(28.1, 29.7 %)650 nm.

3.459 (100), 3.388 (64), 3.177 (54), 3.076 (65), 2.802  
(44), 2.287 (57), 1.736 (38).

## IMA No. 93-051

$\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_8\text{O}$

Monoclinic: space group unknown  
a 9.717 b 7.280 c 6.559 Å  $\beta$  95.00°

Yellow; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: yellow, strong anisotropism with  
orange, yellow-orange and greenish grey colours,  
distinct bireflectance, pleochroism greyish brown,  
orange, yellow orange.  $R_{\min.}$  &  $R_{\max.}$ : (19.5, 32.1  
%)470 nm, (23.8, 36.8 %)546 nm, (24.6, 37.4  
%)589 nm, (25.1, 37.3 %)650 nm.  
2.709 (10), 2.419 (8), 2.323 (7), 1.92 (6), 1.758 (8),  
0.9605 (6), 0.9576 (7).

## IMA No. 93-052

$\text{CaAl}_4\text{O}_7$

Monoclinic:  $\text{C}2/c$   
a 12.94 b 8.910 c 5.446 Å  $\beta$  107.0°

Colourless to white; vitreous; transparent.  
Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.6178,  $\beta$  1.6184,  $\gamma$  1.6516, 2V(meas.)  
12°, 2V(calc.) 15.5° (synthetic material).  
4.460 (43), 3.609 (13), 3.515 (100), 2.882 (13), 2.605  
(36), 2.440 (21), 1.764 (20).

## IMA No. 93-053

$\text{Pb}_2\text{OCO}_3$   
Orthorhombic:  $\text{P}2_1\text{2}_2\text{1}$  or  $\text{P}2_1\text{2}_1\text{2}_1$   
a 9.294 b 9.000 c 5.133 Å

White; waxy; transparent to opaque.

The mean index of refraction calculated from the

reflectance value at 589 nm is 2.09.  
6.49 (30), 4.02 (40), 3.215 (100), 3.181 (90), 2.858  
(40), 2.564 (35).

## IMA No. 93-054 The Se-analogue of pyrite

$\text{FeSe}_2$

Cubic:  $\text{Pa}3$   
a 5.783 Å

Black; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: pink-yellow, no anisotropism, no  
bireflectance, nonpleochroic.  $R$ : (42.4 %)470 nm,  
(42.7 %)546 nm, (45.7 %)589 nm, (49.8 %)650  
nm.

2.888 (50), 2.588 (100), 2.364 (80), 2.045 (40), 1.743  
(50), 1.546 (60), 1.1131 (40).

## IMA No. 93-055

$\text{Na}_3\text{K}_6\text{Ti}_2\text{Al}_2\text{Si}_8\text{O}_{26}\text{Cl}_3$

Monoclinic:  $\text{C}2/m$

a 10.37 b 16.32 c 9.16 Å  $\beta$  105.6°

Colourless; vitreous; transparent. Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.601,  
 $\beta$  1.625,  $\gamma$  1.654, 2V(meas.) 85°, 2V(calc.) 86°.  
8.22 (71), 3.50 (42), 3.157 (35), 3.049 (100), 2.900  
(71), 2.835 (84).

## IMA No. 93-056

$\text{Pb}_{18}\text{Ba}_2\text{Ca}_5\text{Mn}_2\text{Fe}^{3+}\text{Si}_{30}(\text{O},\text{OH})_{96}\text{Cl}$

Hexagonal:  $\text{R}\bar{3}$

a 9.863 c 79.45 Å

Colourless; adamantine; transparent.

Uniaxial (-),  $\omega$  1.845,  $\epsilon$  1.815.  
13.4 (50), 4.43 (30), 3.98 (30), 3.32 (100), 3.11 (40),  
2.969 (40), 2.671 (80).

## IMA No. 93-057

$\text{Pd}_3\text{Ni}_2\text{As}_3$

Hexagonal:  $\text{P}6_3/\text{m}$ ,  $\text{P}6_3$  or  $\text{P}6_3\text{2}2$

a 8.406 c 6.740 Å

Megascopic colour not observed; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: rose, distinct anisotropism from light  
grey to greyish-brown, no bireflectance, nonpleo-  
chroic.  $R_{\min.}$  &  $R_{\max.}$ : (48.4, 50.2 %)470 nm, (51.2,  
53.2 %)546 nm, (53.2, 55.3 %)589 nm, (56.6, 58.7  
%)650 nm.

2.626 (10), 2.477 (10), 2.429 (8), 2.283 (7), 1.978 (7),  
1.818 (7), 1.781 (7).

## IMA No. 93-058

$\text{Na}_{10}(\text{Mn},\text{Ca},\text{Sr})\text{Ti}_3\text{Nb}_3(\text{Si}_2\text{O}_7)_6(\text{OH})_2\text{F}\cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Monoclinic:  $\text{P}m$ ,  $\text{P}2$  or  $\text{P}2/\text{m}$

a 5.468 b 7.18 c 31.1 Å  $\beta$  94.0°

Colourless, white, silvery, pale pink or cream; greasy  
to pearly; transparent to translucent.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  1.608,  $\beta$  1.630,  $\gamma$  1.660, 2V(meas.) 82°,  
2V(calc.) 83°.

15.56 (9), 5.16 (6), 3.11 (10), 2.850 (7), 2.665 (7),  
2.627 (7), 2.217 (6), 1.795 (6).

## IMA No. 93-059

$\text{Sb}_2\text{O}_3\cdot\text{WO}_3$  or  $\text{Sb}_2\text{WO}_6$

Orthorhombic: probably  $P2_12_1$   
 a 8.59    b 9.58    c 6.12 Å

Green to dark green; pearly to dull; translucent to opaque.

Biaxial (+),  $\alpha$  2.285,  $\beta$  2.40,  $\gamma$  2.58, 2V(meas.) large, 2V(calc.)  $82^\circ.3.32$  (10), 3.06 (10), 2.98 (4), 2.73 (6), 2.46 (5), 1.919 (4).

IMA No. 93-060 A monoclinic polymorph of atacamite, botallackite and paratacamite

$Cu_2(OH)_3Cl$

Monoclinic:  $P2_1/n$

a 6.157    b 6.814    c 9.104 Å     $\beta$  99.65°

Green to dark greenish black; adamantine; translucent to transparent.

Biaxial (-), indices of refraction could not be measured because mineral reacts with immersion liquids, 2V(meas.) 75°.

5.44 (100), 2.887 (40), 2.767 (60), 2.742 (70), 2.266 (60), 2.243 (50), 1.704 (50).

IMA No. 93-061

$(Ba,Pb)_6(Cu,Fe,Ni)_{25}S_{27}$

Cubic:  $Pm\bar{3}m$   
 a 10.373 Å

Megascopic colour unknown; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: pale brownish grey, no anisotropism, no bireflectance, nonpleochroic.

R: (22.0 %)470 nm, (24.85 %)546 nm, (26.2 %)589 nm, (27.55 %)650 nm.

3.460 (40), 3.281 (40), 2.996 (90), 2.378 (90), 1.835 (100), 1.779 (40).

IMA No. 93-062

$(Pd,Ag)_2Te$

Tetragonal:  $P4_222$ ,  $P4_2/m$  or  $P4_2$   
 a 8.913    c 6.098 Å

Megascopic colour unknown; metallic; opaque.

In reflected light: brownish-rose, distinct to strong anisotropism from white to rose-brown, distinct bireflectance, pleochroic from brownish-grey to violet-rose. R<sub>min.</sub> & R<sub>max.</sub>: (38.7, 48.7%)470 nm, (44.0, 55.5%)546 nm, (47.3, 58.2%)589 nm, (50.7, 60.7%)650 nm.

3.051 (6), 2.825 (10), 2.553 (4), 2.231 (6), 2.042 (5), 1.326 (3).

#### NOTICE

Dr J. A. Mandarino retired as Chairman of the Commission on New Minerals and Mineral Names (CNMMN) of the International Mineralogical Association on 31 December 1994. After that date, all proposals for new minerals should be sent to the new Chairman:

Dr J. D. Grice,  
 Mineral Sciences Division,  
 Canadian Museum of Nature,  
 P. O. Box 3443,  
 Station 'D',  
 Ottawa, Ontario,  
 K1P 6P4 CANADA.

Dr E. H. Nickel remains the Vice-chairman of the CNMMN and will continue to handle redefinitions, discreditations and revalidations. Proposals of these kinds should be sent to:

Dr E. H. Nickel,  
 Division of Mineral Products,  
 CSIRO,  
 Private Bag,  
 P. O. Wembley,  
 Western Australia 6014,  
 AUSTRALIA.

Dr C. E. S. Arps retired as Secretary of the CNMMN on 31 December 1994. The new Secretary is:

Dr W. D. Birch,  
 Department of Mineralogy and Petrology,  
 Museum of Victoria,  
 285 Russell Street,  
 Melbourne,  
 Victoria,  
 AUSTRALIA.