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Crystal Data: Monoclinic. Point Group: 2/m. As prismatic crystals with nearly square cross sections, to 50 cm; granular, columnar, lamellar massive. Twinning: Simple or multiple twins on  $\{100\}$  or  $\{010\}$ , common.

**Physical Properties:** Cleavage: Distinct on  $\{110\}$ ,  $(110) \land (1\overline{1}0) \sim 87^{\circ}$ ; partings on  $\{100\}$  and probably  $\{010\}$ . Fracture: Uneven to conchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness = 5.5–6.5 D(meas.) = 3.22–3.38 D(calc.) = 3.278

**Optical Properties:** Transparent to opaque. *Color*: Colorless, white, yellow, pale to dark green, black; colorless in thin section. *Streak*: White, gray, gray-green. *Luster*: Vitreous or dull.

Optical Class: Biaxial (+). Orientation: Y = b;  $Z \wedge c = -38^{\circ}$  on (010);  $X \wedge a = -22^{\circ}$ . Dispersion: r > v, weak to moderate.  $\alpha = 1.664$   $\beta = 1.672$   $\gamma = 1.694$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 59^{\circ}$ 

Cell Data: Space Group:  $C_2/c$ . a = 9.746 b = 8.899 c = 5.251  $\beta = 105.63^{\circ}$  Z = 4

X-ray Powder Pattern: Schwartzenstein, Austria. (ICDD 11-654). 2.991 (100), 2.528 (40), 2.893 (30), 2.518 (30), 3.23 (25), 2.952 (25), 1.625 (25)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)		(1)	(2)		(1)	(2)
$\mathrm{SiO}_2$	54.66	54.09	FeO	0.07	1.47	$K_2O$		0.15
$\overline{\mathrm{TiO}_{2}}$		0.28	MnO	0.02	0.09	$\overline{\mathrm{H_2O^+}}$	0.22	0.22
${ m Al}_2{ m O}_3$	0.07	1.57	$_{\rm MgO}$	18.78	16.96	${ m H_2O^-}$		0.08
$\mathrm{Fe_2O_3}$	0.68	0.74	CaO	25.85	21.10	rem.		0.49
$\mathrm{Cr_2O_3}$		2.03	$Na_2O$		1.37	Total	100.35	100.64

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{(1) Juva, Finland; corresponds to $Ca_{1.00}(Mg_{1.01}Fe_{0.02}^{3+})_{\Sigma=1.03}Si_{1.98}O_6.$ (2) Dutoitspan mine, $Kimberley, Cape Province, South Africa; corresponds to $(Ca_{0.82}Na_{0.05}Fe_{0.04}^{2+}Mg_{0.04}K_{0.01})_{\Sigma=0.96}$ $(Mg_{0.88}Cr_{0.06}Al_{0.03}Fe_{0.02}^{3+}Ti_{0.01})_{\Sigma=1.00}(Si_{1.96}Al_{0.04})_{\Sigma=2.00}O_6. \end{array}$ 

Polymorphism & Series: Forms two series, with hedenbergite, and with johannsenite.

Mineral Group: Pyroxene group.

Occurrence: Typical of metamorphosed siliceous Ca, Mg-rich rocks of the pyroxene-hornfels or epidote-amphibolite facies; common in skarns, Ca, Mg-rich gneisses and schists, and some kimberlites and peridotites. Less common in alkalic olivine basalts and andesites.

**Association:** Calcite, forsterite, chondrodite, monticellite, clinohumite, scapolite, wollastonite, grossular, vesuvianite, tremolite, quartz.

Distribution: Selected localities for fine crystals follow: at Schwarzenstein, Zillertal, and near Prägraten, Tirol, Austria. From Ala, Piedmont, and St. Marcel, Val d'Aosta, Italy. At Otokumpu, Finland. In Russia, at the Akhmatovsk deposit, near Zlatoust, Ural Mountains; large crystals in the Inagli massif, 30 km west of Aldan, Yakutia; and along the Slyudyanka River, near Lake Baikal, Siberia. In Canada, many localities; in Ontario, at Bird's Creek, Eganville, Dog's Lake, Littlefield, and Burgess; in Quebec, at Wakefield, Brompton Lake, near Magog, and in the Jeffrey mine, Asbestos. In the USA, at DeKalb, St. Lawrence Co., Natural Bridge, Jefferson Co., Sing Sing, near Ossining, Westchester Co., New York; and at Ducktown, Polk Co., Tennessee. At Ampandrandava and Andranodambo, Taolanaro (Fort Dauphin), Madagascar. Large gemmy crystals from the Kunlun Mountains, Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region, China. From Tange-Achin, Kandahar Province, Afghanistan. Found near Jaipur, Rajasthan, India. At Khapalu and Chamachu, Pakistan.

Name: From the Greek for *double* and *appearance*, apparently for two possible orientations of the prism zone.

References: (1) Dana, E.S. (1892) Dana's system of mineralogy, (6th edition), 351–359. (2) Deer, W.A., R.A. Howie, and J. Zussman (1978) Rock-forming minerals, (2nd edition), v. 2A, single-chain silicates, 198–293.

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