$\bigcirc 2001\text{-}2005$ Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

Crystal Data: Triclinic. Point Group: $\overline{1}$. As bladed to tabular {100} crystals, dominated by {100}, with minor {320}, {001}, { $\overline{5}10$ }, {01 $\overline{1}$ }, and a dozen other forms, to 0.5 mm; striations on {100} || [001]; typically in radiating clusters and fan-shaped aggregates. Twinning: Indicated in reflected light.

Physical Properties: Cleavage: Good on $\{\overline{1}10\}$; fair on $\{001\}$. Fracture: Irregular to subconchoidal. Tenacity: Brittle to friable. Hardness = < 5 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 8.06

Optical Properties: Transparent. *Color:* Red-orange; dark bluish gray to pale gray with bright yellow-orange internal reflections in reflected light. *Streak:* Less intense red-orange. *Luster:* Adamantine.

Optical Class: Biaxial. *Pleochroism:* Weak; yellow-orange to dark reddish orange. *Bireflectance:* Weak.

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm R_1-R_2:} \ (400) \ 24.8-23.1, \ (420) \ 25.2-23.1, \ (440) \ 24.8-23.15, \ (460) \ 23.8-23.3, \ (480) \ 22.9-23.6, \ (500) \ 22.1-23.8, \ (520) \ 21.3-23.5, \ (540) \ 20.5-22.9, \ (560) \ 20.1-22.05, \ (580) \ 20.0-21.7, \ (600) \ 20.0-21.55, \ (620) \ 19.9-21.3, \ (640) \ 19.7-21.0, \ (660) \ 19.6-20.8, \ (680) \ 19.4-20.45, \ (700) \ 19.25-20.3 \end{array}$

Cell Data: Space Group: $P\overline{1}$. a = 8.1287(8) b = 9.4916(7) c = 6.8940(4) $\alpha = 100.356(6)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 110.163(7)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 82.981(8)^{\circ}$ Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Clear Creek claim, California, USA. 3.008 (100), 5.72 (90), 3.373 (60), 2.425 (60), 2.864 (50b), 2.774 (50), 2.536 (50)

Chemistry:		(1)	(2)
	CrO_3	8.6	8.34
	HgO	[54.4]	54.19
	Hg_2O	[34.9]	34.79
	S	5.3	5.35
	-O = S	2.6	2.67
	Total	[100.6]	100.00

(1) Clear Creek claim, California, USA; by electron microprobe, average of six analyses; after recalculation with Hg₂O and HgO in the ratio 2:3, confirmed by crystal-structure analysis, corresponds to $Hg_{1.98}^{1+}Hg_{2.97}^{2+}Cr_{1.02}^{6+}O_{5.05}S_{1.95}$. (2) $Hg_2^{1+}Hg_3^{2+}CrO_5S_2$.

Occurrence: Very rare in a mercury deposit in silicate–carbonate rock hydrothermally altered from serpentinite.

Association: Cinnabar, edoylerite.

Distribution: From the Clear Creek claim, near the Clear Creek mercury mine, New Idria district, San Benito Co., California, USA.

Name: Honors Professor Deane Kingsley Smith, Jr. (1930–2001), Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pennsylvania, USA, for his contributions to structural and experimental mineralogy.

Type Material: Canadian Geological Survey, Ottawa, Canada, 65026, 66152.

References: (1) Roberts, A.C., J.T. Szymański, R.C. Erd, A.J. Criddle, and M. Bonardi (1993) Deanesmithite, $Hg_2^{1+}Hg_3^{2+}Cr^{6+}O_5S_2$, a new mineral species from the Clear Creek Claim, San Benito County, California. Can. Mineral., 31, 787–793. (2) Szymański, J.T. and L.A. Groat (1997) The crystal structure of deanesmithite, $Hg_2^{1+}Hg_3^{2+}Cr^{6+}O_5S_2$. Can. Mineral., 35, 765–772.